Salt tolerant plants

Garden reference books frequently categorize plants as "salt tolerant" if they thrive in coastal or bayside conditions. However, they don't specifically address watering plants with a source that is high in salinity such as the Brazos River or Lake Granbury.

Local water and soils often test high in salinity. Salinity can be caused by saline groundwater originating in mineral-laden areas hundreds of miles away. The presence of salt in our water and soils has also been elevated through the years by various commercial and agricultural practices. Water purification systems and chemical fertilizers, for instance, are extremely high in sodium.

In general, drought-tolerant plants perform best in salty conditions because their less frequent need for irrigation minimizes the water's impact on the soil. Native plants are also good selections because of their obvious adaptation to local conditions. Plants with tough or leathery leaves or foliage covered in tiny hairs fare best with overhead sprinkler systems. That's because their leaf surfaces are more resistant to salt, wind and moisture loss. Plants with very small or narrow leaves also seem to incur less damage.

The following plant lists were compiled based on several sources. Keep in mind, however, that plants listed for coastal conditions may not do well in North Texas winters. Be sure to check the hardiness of any plant before purchase. You should also check sunlight or shade requirements to determine if the plant will survive in your landscape.

While these plants fare well in many landscapes, you should not make a large investment in any plant species until you determine its tolerance for your specific conditions.

Plants that tolerate salt-water spray or seaside conditions

Perennials, Herbs, Grasses, & Annuals

Columbine Calylophus Blue Carex Sedge Chrysanthemum Crinum Dianthus Eupatorium Hibiscus Amaryllis Four-Nerve Daisy Gayfeather Manfreda Pentas Russian Sage Coneflower Pink Skullcap Stokes Aster Dahlberg Daisy Liriope

Verbena Rain Lily Coreopsis Mexican Heather Blanket Flower Daylily Lantana Shasta Daisy Rudbeckia Mexican Feather Grass Zexmenia Agave Angel trumpet Ginger Coral Bean Hummingbird Bush (hamilia patens) Rosemary Turk's Cap Miscanthus Grass

Muhly Grass Fountain Grass Tuberose Mealy Cup Sage Indigo Spires Salvia Anise Scented Sage Copper Canyon Daisy Mexican Mint Marigold Yellow Bells (Tecoma stans) Butterfly weed Cigar Plant Shrimp Plant Ruellia, Mexican Petunia Mexican Bush Sage Artemisia Crinum Daylily Yarrow Indian Blanket Prickly Pear Cactus Purple Heart Red Hot Poker Santolina Society Garlic Stonecrop Sedum Pavonia, Rock Rose Roses (antique)

<u>Shrubs</u>

Century plant Agave Chile Pequin Red Yucca Carissa Holly Dwarf Yaupon False Indigo Texas Sage Dwarf Wax Myrtle Oleander Indian Hawthorn Palmetto Salvia Greggii Coralberry Abelia Agarita Butterfly Bush Beautyberry Sago Palm Silverberry (Elaeagnus) Texas Sage Loropetalum

Vines

Bougainvillea Trumpet Creeper Wintercreeper (also groundcover)

Nandina Domestica (not *Nana*) Oleander Prickly Pear Spirea Viburnum Yucca **Century Plant** Cotoneaster Palmetto Ouince Indian Hawthorn Barberry Pittosporum Oleander Rose of Sharon, Mallow Sumac Yucca Hollies Euonymus Barberry Viburnum Roses (antique)

Carolina Jessamine Cypress Vine Pasion Vine Virginia Creeper Coral Vine Roses (antique)

Trees:

American Holly Live Oak Cedar Privet Pine Yaupon Wax Myrtle Cypress Willow Desert Willow

* This list is not intended to be comprehensive, nor does it represent a guarantee that the plants will grow and flourish.

The information given here is for educational purposes only. Reference to commercial products or trade names is made with the understanding that no discrimination is intended and no endorsement by the Cooperative Extension Service is implied.